



Return on Equity

FINANCIALEDGE

Return on Equity

What is it?

“ The ability of a firm to generate profits from its shareholders investments”

How is it calculated?

Return on equity = $\frac{\text{Net income}}{\text{Shareholders equity}}$

Why is it important?

Measure of
excess profits

Management
ability

Aids
comparison

FINANCIALEDGE

Effect of Debt on Return on Equity

Debt (or "leverage") can skew a company's return on equity

Company A is funded by 1,000.0 equity

Company B is funded by 700.0 debt + 300.0 equity. Interest rate on debt is 5.0%

	Company A	Company B
Operating profit	100.0	100.0
Interest	-	(35.0)
Profit before tax	100.0	65.0
Tax (20.0%)	(20.0)	(13.0)
Net income	80.0	52.0
Shareholders equity	1,000.0	300.0
Co A return on equity $80.0 / 1,000.0$	8.0%	
Co B return on equity $52.0 / 300.0$		17.3%

3

FINANCIALEDGE

Effect of Debt on Return on Equity

Disadvantage of debt? Interest on debt is a fixed cost. In bad times when operating profit reduces, net income will drop dramatically

Debt exaggerates ROE down in bad times and up in good times

	Company A	Company B
Operating profit	35.0	35.0
Interest	-	(35.0)
Profit before tax	35.0	-
Tax (20.0%)	(7.0)	-
Net income	28.0	-
Shareholders equity	1,000.0	300.0
Co A return on equity $28.0 / 1,000.0$	2.8%	
Co B return on equity $0.0 / 300.0$		0.0%

4

FINANCIALEDGE

