



Foreign Exchange and Commodities

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Foreign Exchange (FX) Transaction

Foreign Exchange transactions are agreements between the counterparties to:

- Purchase one currency against another
- At a specific date
- At an agreed upon price (the FX rate)

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The FX Marketplace

Global over-the-counter market

24 hours, 5 days a week

Largest, most liquid market

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Volatility in FX



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Why FX is Traded

Payment facilitation

- Make a payment in a foreign currency

Risk management

- Protect value of future payments against fluctuation in FX rates

Speculation

- Generate profit from an expected change in FX rates

Diversification

- Diversify asset holdings into other currencies

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Currency ISO Codes

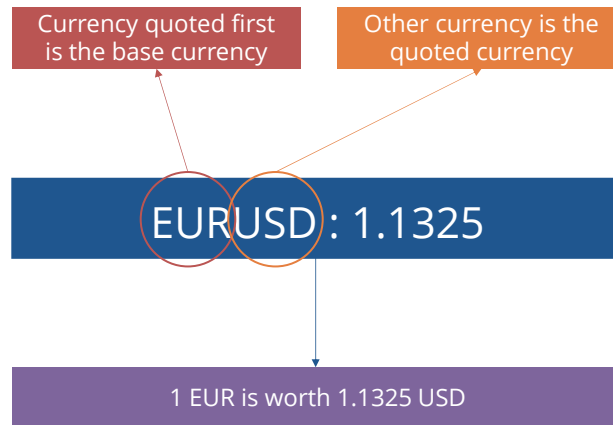
Each currency is referred to by 3 letters



Currency ISO codes	
USD	US Dollar
EUR	Euro
JPY	Japanese Yen
GBP	Pound Sterling
CHF	Swiss Franc
AUD	Australian Dollar
CAD	Canadian Dollar
NZD	New Zealand Dollar

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Quoted vs. Base Currency



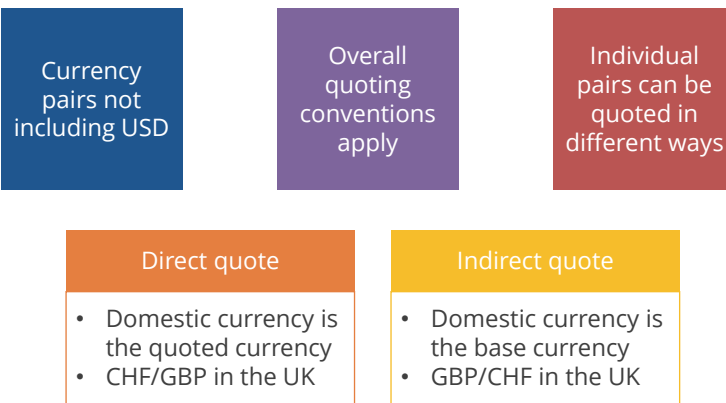
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Pair Quotation

Common currency pairs	
<u>EURUSD</u>	Euro vs. US Dollar
<u>USDJPY</u>	US Dollar vs. Japanese Yen
<u>GBPUSD</u>	British Pound vs. US Dollar
<u>USDCHF</u>	US Dollar vs. Swiss Franc
<u>AUDUSD</u>	Australian Dollar vs. US Dollar
<u>USDCAD</u>	US Dollar vs. Canadian Dollar
<u>NZDUSD</u>	New Zealand Dollar vs. US Dollar

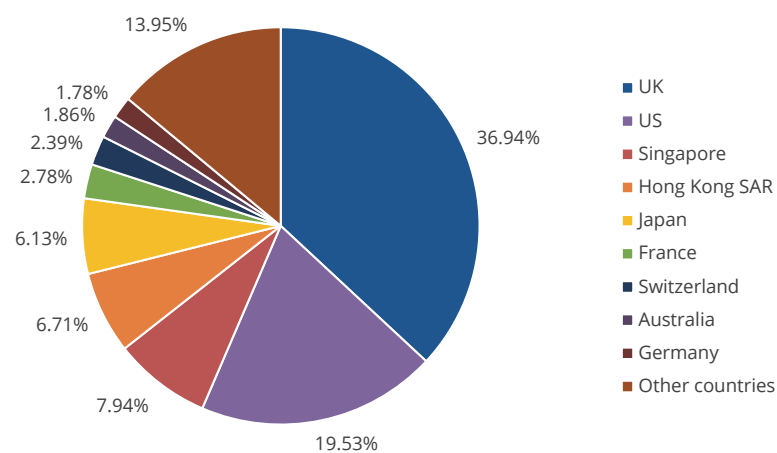
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FX Crosses



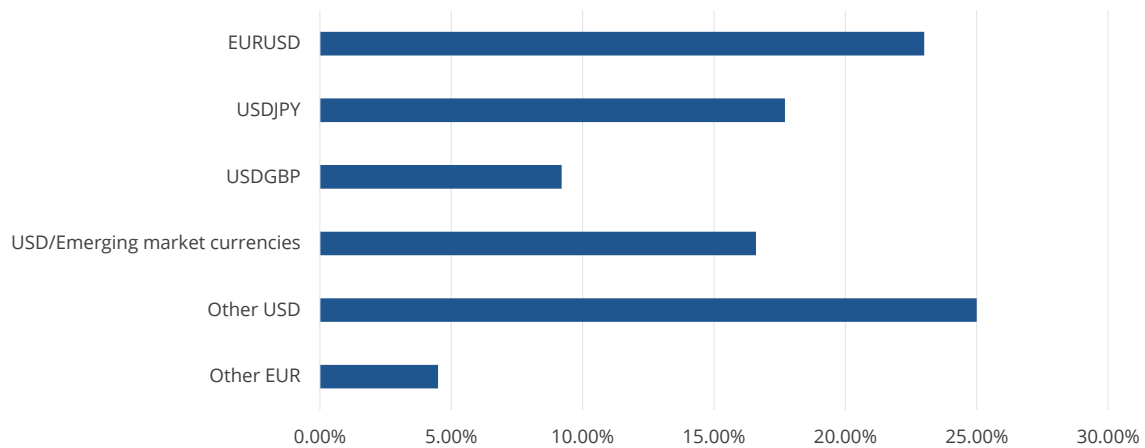
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Daily FX Transactions Breakdown – By Country



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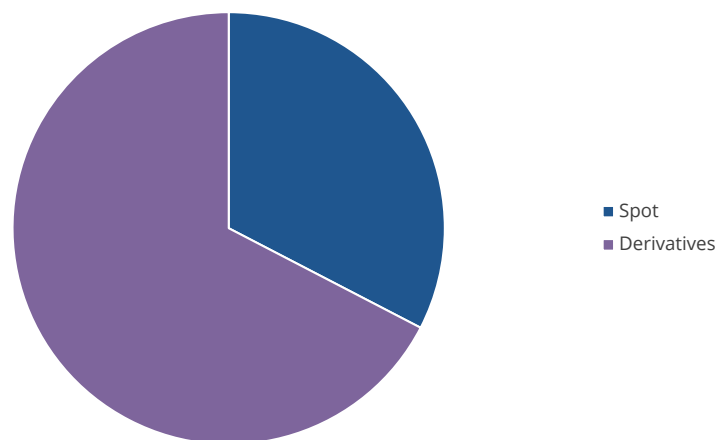
Daily FX Transactions Breakdown – By Currency Pair



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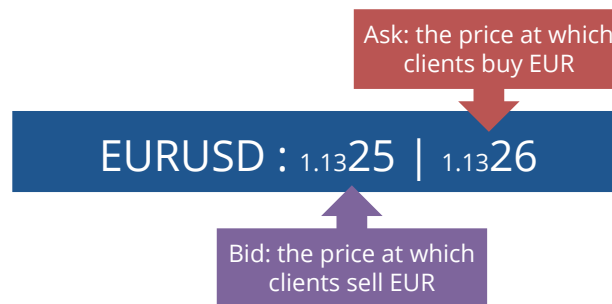
Daily FX Transactions Breakdown – By Instrument Class



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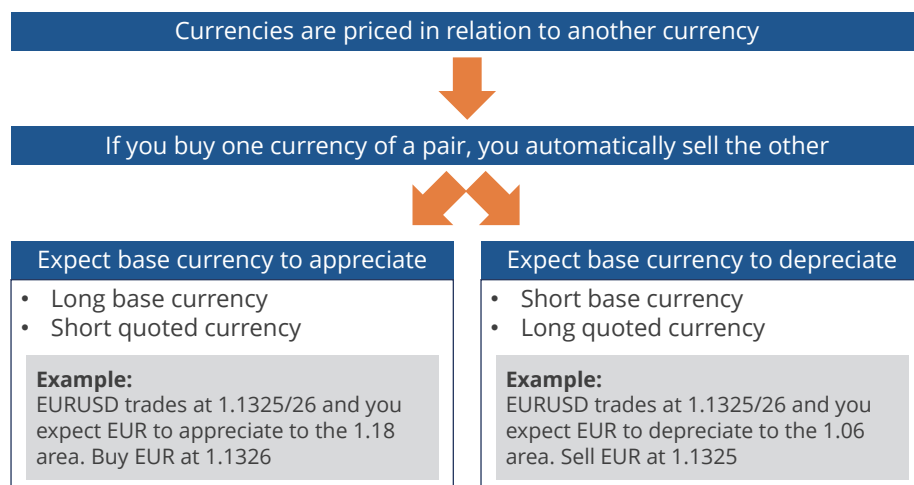
Bid and Ask Prices



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Spot Market Trading



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What Drives FX Spot?



Interest rate differential

Inflation differential

Economic developments

Monetary policy

Political stability

Purchasing power parity

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What are Commodities?

Commodities are usually raw materials, often used to produce other goods.

Soft and Agricultural Commodities

Coffee

Sugar

Corn

Cotton

Soybeans

Pork bellies

Live cattle

Hard Commodities

Crude Oil

Rubber

Gold

Silver

Natural Gas

Other metals

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Commodities vs. Financial Assets

Commodities

- Real assets
- Limited substitution, inelastic demand
- Usually restricted in supply

Pure financial assets

- Claim on future cash flows
- Demand elastic

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Commodity Price Volatility



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Who Trades Commodities and Why?

Producers/consumers

- Commodity producers looking to lock in the price at which they can sell future production
- Commodity consumers wanting to be protected against price surges in the future

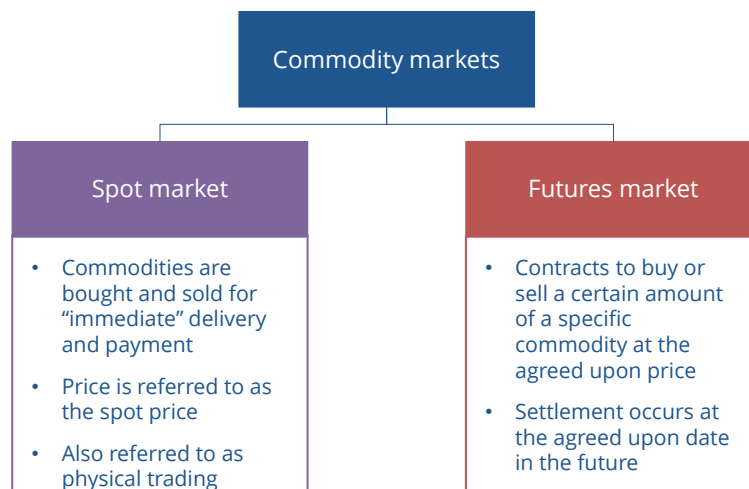
Investors/speculators

- Trade commodities for investment returns
- Various trading strategies and investment horizons

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How are Commodities Traded?



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Commodities Futures Example

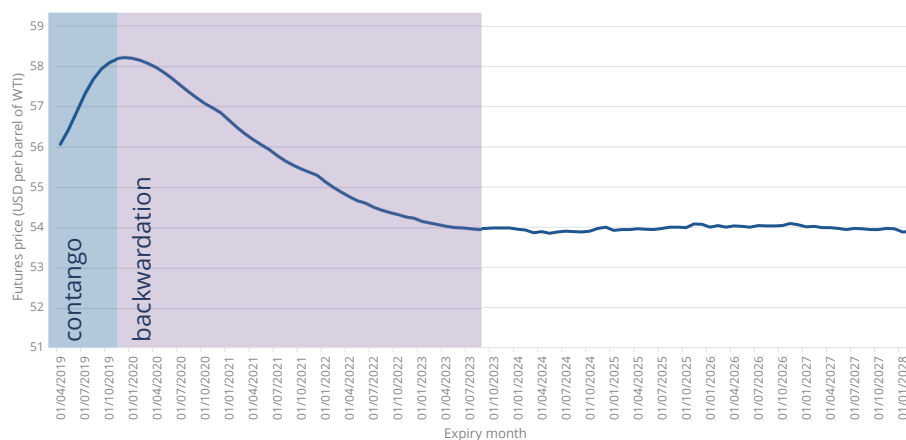
Crude oil futures contract specs (know as WTI futures)

Contract unit	1,000 barrels
Price quotation	US Dollars and Cents per barrel
Tick size	\$0.01 per barrel
Tick value	\$10 per contract
Contracts	Monthly contracts for the current and next 8 calendar years
Settlement	- Physical (F.O.B. at any pipeline or storage facility in Cushing, Oklahoma) - Light sweet crude oil, grade and quality as defined in CME rulebook chapter 200

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Futures Curve Example



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